

***Intra-ACP Climate Service and related applications
(ClimSA)***

Climate Station
Installation Manual for Linux
Version 1.3.0

June 2024

Date: 2024

Ref: ClimSA/DOC/C-Station/InstallationManual

Abstract / Résumé
This document lists all the products available on Climate Station (or C-Station)

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	Details	Date
Version history		
Version 1.1.0	Initial Release	May 2022
Version 1.1.1	Update the procedure with changes, namely in climatestation.sh	August 2022
Version 1.1.2	Installation procedure with new CS-Installer.	March 2023
Version 1.1.3	Modified CS-Installer.	May 2023
Version 1.2.0		October 2023
Version 1.3.0		June 2024

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ACRONYMS and DEFINITIONS

RAM	Random Access Memory
CPU	Central Processing Unit
OS	Operating System
CS	Climate Station
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure
Jupyter	Julia, Python and R
JWT	JSON Web Tokens
SFTP	Secure File Transfer Protocol
JRC	Joint Research Centre
GIS	Geographical Information System

1. INTRODUCTION

This document presents the software installation procedures of the Climate Station. It serves the system administrator to configure their server to install the climate station software. This section also contains the hardware and software requirements

1.1 OVERVIEW OF THE INSTALLATION

The installation of the Climate Station consists of the following steps

- Find a suitable computer/server as host machine (see 1.2 for some indications)
- Identify or create a user with administrative rights on the computer (see 2.1)
- Install Docker and Git on the host machine (see 2.2 and 2.3)
- Clone the Git repository containing the installation script (see 2.4)
- Execute the installation script to pull Docker images, and customize settings (see 3)
- Perform post installation checks, and control the application (see 4)

The current document also contains instructions on how to upgrade the Climate Station to the latest version (see 5) and an Annex with some insights on the application.

1.2 HARDWARE REQUIREMENT

The Linux server dedicated for the Climate Station, physical server or a virtual machine should have the following requirements. Three different options are indicated, according to the equipment availability and the expected workload for the platform.

1.2.1 Minimum Size

Component	requirement
CPU	8 core
RAM	16GB
Disk storage space	2 TB

Table 1: Minimum Size Server

1.2.2 Medium Size

Component	requirement
CPU	Xeon-Gold 5115 (2x)
Core	20 /40 threads
RAM	512 GB
Disk storage space	OS + application software >= 2 x 250GB SSD in RAID1 Data >= 5/6 disks 1.2TB SAS HDD (RAID5 or RAID6 configuration, respectively) 4.8 TB space storage
Estimated Price	8000 – 12000 euro

Table 2: Medium Size Server

1.2.3 Large Size Server

Component	requirement
CPU	Xeon-Gold 6138 2.5 GHz (2x)
Core	40/80 threads
RAM	1024 GB
Disk storage space	OS + application software >= 2 x 250GB SSD in RAID1 Data >= 8 disks 1.8TB SAS HDD (RAID5 or RAID6 configuration) 12 Tb space in RAID5 – 10.8 Tb in RAID6
Estimated Price	15000 – 30000 euro

Table 3: Large Size Server

1.3 SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT

The machine where you want to install the Climate Station (also called host-machine) needs the following software packages to be installed:

- Docker engine (version 19.03+)
- Docker compose (version 1.29+)
- Git (version 2.22+)

2. PREPARATION OF THE INSTALLATION

2.1 USER DEFINITION

The user on the host machine, used to install the software requirements, must have root privileges for this. This can be done in two ways:

- Have your system administrator install these requirements as root.
- Give sudo (super user) rights to install the requirements to the user created on the host machine (by your system administrator, see below)¹.

On the host machine, it is considered best practice to not use the “root” user for installing an application, but to create a user with “sudo” rights.

Create a user, or identify and existing one, (e.g. adminuser) and give this user sudo rights:

```
$ adduser adminuser sudo
```

```
$ usermod -aG sudo adminuser
```

¹ <https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-create-a-sudo-user-on-ubuntu-quickstart>
<https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/linux-postinstall/>

2.2 INSTALLATION OF DOCKER AND DOCKER COMPOSE

Install all packages as a user with sudo rights. All following commands are done by the user with sudo.

Docker Engine

Please follow the installation instructions for the OS on your host machine:

<https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/>

Docker-compose

Installation instructions:

<https://docs.docker.com/compose/install/>

<https://pypi.org/project/docker-compose/>

Install the required packages and dependencies:

CentOS:

```
$ sudo yum install python3-pip  
$ sudo yum install rust  
$ sudo pip3 install --upgrade pip  
$ sudo pip3 install setuptools  
$ sudo pip3 install setuptools-rust
```

Ubuntu:

```
$ sudo apt-get install python3-pip  
$ sudo apt-get install rustc  
$ sudo pip3 install --upgrade pip  
$ sudo pip3 install setuptools  
$ sudo pip3 install setuptools-rust
```

Install docker-compose:

```
$ sudo pip3 install docker-compose
```

Once the installation is completed, check if it is installed fine by checking its version in the command prompt as follows:

- Docker engine → `docker --version`
`$ docker --version`
Docker version 20.10.14, build a224086
- Docker Compose → `docker-compose --version`
`$ docker-compose --version`
docker-compose version 1.28.5, build unknown

Important!

The new user created in the previous step (e.g. adminuser), needs to be able to run docker without sudo. To do so, add the user to the docker group:

```
$ su - adminuser  
$ sudo groupadd docker  
$ sudo usermod -aG docker adminuser  
$ newgrp docker
```

2.3 INSTALLATION OF GIT

The Climate Station installation package is made available in the git, so in order to install it you have to install git² in your machine either as root user or as a user (eg. adminuser) with sudo rights. For example if you're on a Debian-based distribution, such as Ubuntu, try apt:

```
$ sudo apt install git
```

Once installation is completed, check if it is installed fine by checking its version in command prompt as below:

```
$ git --version  
git version 1.8.3.1
```

2.4 CLONING THE CLIMATE STATION INSTALLER FROM GITHUB

To download the installer of the Climate Station you will have to clone the Installer repository from github on your local machine.

After you installed Git on your computer, open a Terminal and run the following commands:

- First move to the directory where you want to create the clone. This will be the root directory of the installation, indicated as <Installer_root_dir>:

```
$ cd <cs_installer_root_dir> (eg. /opt or /home/adminuser)
```

- Execute git-clone:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/eStation2/CS-Installer.git  
git clone https://github.com/eStation2/CS-Installer.git  
Cloning into 'CS-Installer'...
```

- Check the content of the directory where the clone has been created and it should contain the following files and directories:

```
$ cd CS-Installer  
$ ls -sla
```

0	drwxrwxr-x	8	adminuser adminuser	321	May	4	11:39	.
4	drwx-----	14	adminuser adminuser	4096	May	4	16:07	..
4	-rw-rw-r--	1	adminuser adminuser	9835	May	4	11:39	cs_install.sh
20	-rwxrwxr-x	1	adminuser adminuser	936	May	4	1:39	.env.template
0	drwxrwxr-x	2	adminuser adminuser	416	May	4	10:02	.git
4	-rw-rw-r--	1	adminuser adminuser	9835	May	4	11:39	es_install.sh
4	-rw-rw-r--	1	adminuser adminuser	2298	May	4	11:39	docker-compose.yml

² <https://git-scm.com/download/linux>
<https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2/Getting-Started-Installing-Git>

3. INSTALLATION OF THE CLIMATE STATION

3.1 PULLING THE DOCKER IMAGES

Running the command below for the first time, will check the current installation version and settings.

Make sure that the internet connection is stable!

Open a Terminal and run the following commands:

```
$ cd <CS-Installer_dir> (e.g. /home/adminuser/CS-Installer)
```

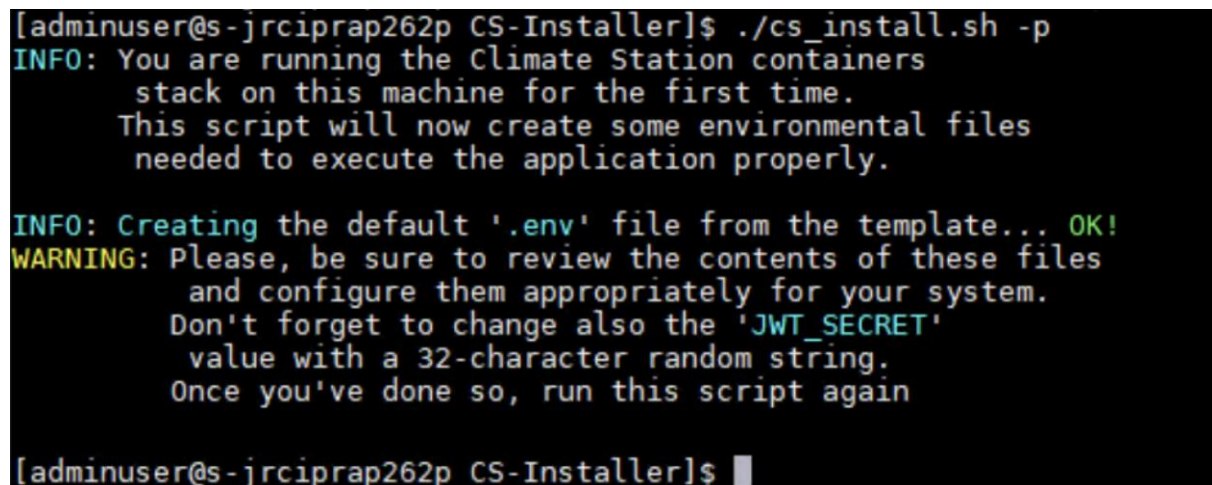
```
$ ./cs_install.sh -p
```

Flags description:

-p Pull CS update if any.

The first time you pull and build the Climate Station might take up to 10 minutes, depending on your internet connection.

You will be asked to change the settings in the .env file (see Figure 1).

A terminal window with a black background and white text. The prompt is [adminuser@s-jrciprap262p CS-Installer]\$. The command ./cs_install.sh -p has been executed. The output shows an INFO message about running containers for the first time, followed by a WARNING message advising to review the .env file and change the JWT_SECRET value. The terminal ends with the same prompt and a cursor.

```
[adminuser@s-jrciprap262p CS-Installer]$ ./cs_install.sh -p
INFO: You are running the Climate Station containers
      stack on this machine for the first time.
      This script will now create some environmental files
      needed to execute the application properly.

INFO: Creating the default '.env' file from the template... OK!
WARNING: Please, be sure to review the contents of these files
        and configure them appropriately for your system.
        Don't forget to change also the 'JWT_SECRET'
        value with a 32-character random string.
        Once you've done so, run this script again

[adminuser@s-jrciprap262p CS-Installer]$
```

Figure 1: Initial notification to change the variable in the .env file

3.2 CUSTOMIZE USER SETTINGS

For the installation of the Climate Station, there are some important definitions that might need to be updated before continuing the installation, e.g the working directories on the host machine, the proxy settings and others. All these variables are defined in the `.env` file, which is in the root directory of the installation after you have run `./es_installer.sh` the first time (see Figure 1).

You can use 'vi' (or another editor like nano or gedit) - to modify definitions in the `.env` file.

```
$ cd <CS-Installer-dir> (e.g. /home/adminuser/CS-Installer)
```

```
$ vi .env
```

```
1  # PostgreSQL config:
2  #
3  CS_PGPORT=5431
4
5  # WEB port config:
6  #
7  CS_WEBPORT=8080
8
9  # Volumes mapping:
10 #
11 DATA_VOLUME=/data
12 TMP_VOLUME=/tmp/climatestation
13
14 # Climate Station source directory:
15 # Use it whenever you want to develop and test the code directly within
16 # the Jupyter Notebook containers without rebuilding the image every time.
17 #
18 SRC_DIR=
19
20 # Secret key used by the JWT token generation within the JupyterHub environment.
21 # It must be a 32-character random string and MUST remain secret.
22 #
23 JWT_SECRET="just-not-a-very-secure-secretkey"
24
25 # Proxy settings:
26 # Use it if you are behind a proxy (e.g. within the JRC network).
27 #
28 HTTP_PROXY=
29 HTTPS_PROXY=
30 FTP_PROXY=
31 NO_PROXY=localhost,127.0.0.1,::1,hub,mapserver,postgres
32
```

Figure 2: The list of parameters to be customized

A number of parameters (Figure 2) can be customized to match the User's environment, in terms of volume mapping, proxy definition.

Optional:

- `DATA_VOLUME` is the base directory for the installation of the data, both static data and datasets (default `/data`).
- `TMP_VOLUME` is a working directory for temporary files, e.g. intermediate steps of computation (default `/tmp/climatestation`).

- The 4 PROXY definitions (HTTP_PROXY, HTTPS_PROXY, FTP_PROXY, NO_PROXY) have to be used in case the host machine operates behind a proxy, and are needed to reach the internet.
- CS_PGPORT by default is 5431 in our installation, but if that port is already used by another service, you can modify it.
- CS_WEBPORT by default is 8080 in our installation, but if that port is already used by another service, you can modify it.

3.3 STARTING THE CLIMATE STATION

Now that the user settings have been corrected (if needed), we can build and start the Climate Station. Make sure that the internet connection is stable.

Open a Terminal and run the following commands:

```
$ cd <CS-Installer-dir> (e.g. /home/adminuser/CS-Installer)
$ ./cs_install.sh
```

Output when build has finished:

```
INFO: No changes to configuration files.
[+] Running 4/4
✓ Network cs-installer_default      Created      0.1s
✓ Container postgres                Started      0.6s
✓ Container jupyterhub              Started      1.0s
✓ Container web                     Started      2.0s
Climate Station is up
INFO: Waiting for the database containers to be ready to install updates... Ready
2023-10-11 07:21 Database structure already exists. Continue
2023-10-11 07:21 DB estationdb already uptodate. Continue
```

Figure 3: The final lines of the build

4. POST INSTALLATION OPERATIONS AND CHECKS

4.1 CHECK IF THE CLIMATE STATION IS RUNNING WELL

How to check if the Climate Station is running well?

Open a web browser and go to:

<http://localhost:8080>

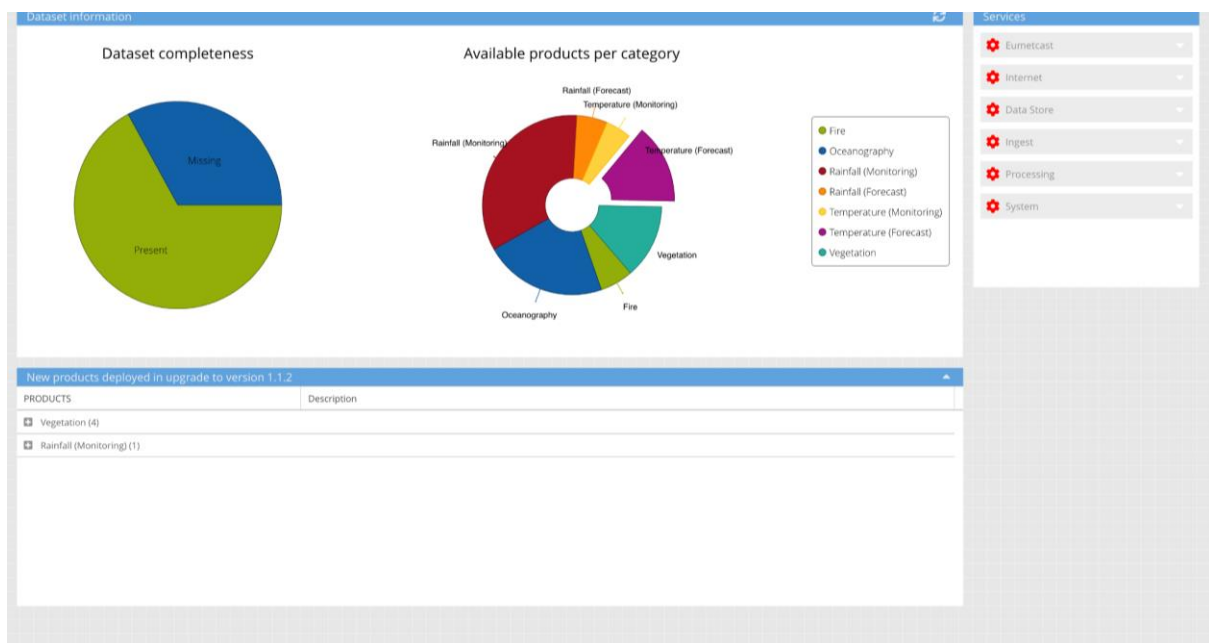


Figure 4: Climate Station dashboard

4.2 CHECKING THE DATA AND OTHER DIRECTORIES

Check the existence of the following directories under the DATA directory indicated in the .env file, by default the /data directory on your host machine.

On the first build and start of the Climate Station, using `./cs_install.sh` (see section 3.3), the sub directories under the /data directory will be created as follows:

The "data" directory will contain at least the following directories (additional ones are created by running the application):

- + processing
- + ingest
- + ingest.wrong
- + static_data

The "static_data" sub directory will contain the following directories:

- + completeness_bars
- + config_cds
- + config_iri
- + db_dump
- + docs
- + get_lists
- + layers
- + log
- + logos + requests
- + settings

4.3 CONTROLLING THE CLIMATE STATION APPLICATION

The Climate Station hosts a bash script that controls the execution of the containers, and is meant to be used for their initial creation, their update (see section 5) and switching them ON or OFF. Here below the main commands to control the status.

- Move to the directory where the script is located:

```
$ cd <CS-Installer_dir> (e.g. /home/adminuser/CS-Installer)
```

- Stop the Climate Station

```
$ ./cs_install.sh down
```

- Start the Climate Station

```
$ ./cs_install.sh up
```

- Restart the Climate Station

```
$ ./cs_install.sh down
```

```
$ ./cs_install.sh up
```

- Update the Climate Station (see next section for the correct upgrade procedure)

```
$ git pull
```

```
$ ./cs_install.sh -p
```

5. UPGRADING THE CLIMATE STATION

For upgrading the Climate Station version, the same script for its creation and control is used. You need to go into the directory where the Climate Station installer has been cloned, shutdown the containers and then pull the upgrade from git and re-build Climate Station, through the operations indicated below.

- Navigate to Climate Station folder where is source code
`$ cd <CS-Installer_dir>` (e.g. /home/adminuser/CS-Installer)
- Shutdown the Climate Station
`$ ./cs_install.sh down`
- Update the Climate Station
`$ git pull`
`$ ./cs_install.sh -p`

6. ANNEX

This Annex contains some additional indications on how to operate, from the command line, on the containers of the Climate Station and operate on the host machine.

6.1 WORKING WITH DOCKER CONTAINERS

- Check the status of the containers. Are they up?

\$ docker ps

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
20f5e9d69713	mydronedocker/impact5:latest	"/docker-entrypoint..."	30 hours ago	Up 30 hours	0.0.0.0:8899->8899/tcp	impact5
614191885f03	climatestation/cstation:latest	"/entrypoint.sh serv..."	30 hours ago	Up 30 hours	0.0.0.0:6767->6767/tcp, 0.0.0.0:8080->8080/tcp	web
1725444771fd	climatestation/cstation:latest	"/entrypoint.sh jupy..."	30 hours ago	Up 30 hours	0.0.0.0:59258->8000/tcp, 0.0.0.0:59257->8080/tcp	jupyterhub
3bfb56f0bfb	climatestation/postgis:2.0	"/bin/sh -c /scripts..."	30 hours ago	Up 30 hours	0.0.0.0:5431->5432/tcp	postgres

Figure 5: List of containers available

How do I operate on a container?

- Open a terminal inside a container/attach a shell to a container

\$ docker exec -it web bash

(base) root@f4db624c4e4a:/var/www/climatestation#

- Run a script that is inside a container

\$ docker exec -ti postgres sh -c "/install_update_db.sh"

- Run a python script inside a container

\$ docker exec -ti web bash python apps/acquisition/test/test_get_internet.py

6.2 CONNECTING DATA, DATABASE AND CODE

Where is the data?

How do I see the Climate Station data from the host machine?

You can find the Climate Station data under the DATA_VOLUME directory indicated in the .env file. by default the data directory is /data on the host machine (as well as in in the web container).

The <DATA_VOLUME> is the root directory, whose contents in described in 4.2; the actual datasets of the Climate Station are under the directory:

`/<DATA_VOLUME>/processing`

You can visualize the data by using your favorite GIS tool (like QGIS) directly from this directory on the host machine.

Where is the Database, and how to reach it?

The PostgreSQL database data is in a docker volume called ***cs-docker-postgresql12-volume***.

You can work directly on the database using the tool pgAdmin4, which is available for download at

<https://www.pgadmin.org/download/>

The is also the option to install pgadmin4 in the docker container, as explained at:

<https://hub.docker.com/r/dpage/pgadmin4/>

In order to access the Climate Station DB, you can open pgAdmin4 and define a server as follows:

Host	: localhost
Port	: 5432
DB	: estationdb
Username	: estation
Password	: mesadmin

The direct access to the Climate Station DB is meant only for advanced users, since all relevant changes in the configuration of the Climate Station can be done from the user interface.